



# REGIONAL ADULT PARENTERAL DRUG MONOGRAPH

GENERIC NAME

**labetalol**



**Effective Date:** Dec 2011

CLASSIFICATION  
**Antihypertensive**

OTHER NAMES  
**Trandate**

PAGE

**Revised Date:** Dec 2022

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**ADMINISTRATION POLICY:**

- IV Infusion – May be administered by a nurse
- IV Bolus – May be administered by a nurse
- IM Injection – *Not to be administered*

**RECONSTITUTION/DILUTION/ADMINISTRATION:**

**Available as:** 5 mg/mL – 20 mL multidose vial

**IV Bolus:** Administer undiluted over 2 to 3 minutes

**IV Infusion: Pump Library:**

Drug Library	Dose Rate	Short Name	Care Unit
Yes	mg/min	labe300	General & Critical Care
Drug	Diluent	Final Volume (VTBI)	Final Concentration
300 mg (60 mL of 5 mg/mL)	250 mL NS	310 mL	0.968 mg/mL
Clinical Advisory: High Alert			
Soft Low Dose Limit: 0.5 mg/min		Soft High Dose Limit: 2 mg/min	

**DOSAGE:**

**IV Bolus:** 5 to 20 mg initially, followed by 10 to 80 mg at 10-minute intervals until desired blood pressure achieved or total of 300 mg has been given

**IV Infusion:** 0.5 to 2 mg/minute (30 to 120 mg/hour), may increase by 1 mg every 15 minutes

**Severe pregnancy induced hypertension:** 20 mg IV initially, then 20 to 80 mg IV every 30 minutes.  
*For obstetrical monitoring continuous observation with frequent blood pressure and pulse checks every 3 to 5 minutes. Once target BP is achieved, monitor every 10 minutes for the first hour, then every 15 minutes for 1 hour, then every 30 minutes for 1 hour, then every hour for 4 hours. Cardiac monitoring recommended, but not required. Cardiac monitoring required for high risk patients.*

**Maximum single dose:** 80 mg

**Maximum daily dose:** 300 mg

**Maximum rate :** IV bolus: over 2 minutes  
IV infusion: 10 mg/minute

**Maximum concentration:** 5mg/mL



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### STABILITY/COMPATIBILITY:

**Stability of multidose vial:** 28 days at room temperature

**Stability of Final Admixture:** 24 hours at room temperature

**Compatibility:** Compatible with normal saline, D5W, combination dextrose-saline solutions, Lactated Ringer

### PRECAUTIONS, POTENTIAL ADVERSE REACTIONS:

- Contraindications: uncontrolled CHF, 2<sup>nd</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> degree block, sinus bradycardia, cardiogenic shock, states of hypoperfusion
- Cerebral hypoperfusion, likely due to rapid blood pressure reduction (signs: confusion, decreased LOC, headache, blurred vision, sweating)
- Worsen bronchospastic disease in patients with history of asthma/COPD
- Hypotension/ventricular arrhythmias
- Nausea/vomiting
- Bradycardia
- Paresthesias (especially “scalp tingling”)

### ADDITIONAL NOTES AND NURSING CONSIDERATIONS:

- For continuous infusions and non-obstetrical indications: Cardiac monitoring required.
- Monitor blood pressure before and at 5-minute intervals after each injection (maximal blood pressure decrease occurs in 5 to 15 minutes)
- Monitor for changes in level of consciousness, breathing or EKG changes (ischemic changes)
- Patient should be kept supine during IV administration and up to 3 hours post infusion
- May mask common signs of shock and hypoglycemia
- Overdose may respond to IV glucagon atropine, epinephrine or pacing
- Elderly patients: Lower doses may be required