



REGIONAL PEDIATRIC PARENTERAL DRUG MONOGRAPH

GENERIC NAME

atropine

Effective Date: May 2013 CLASSIFICATION OTHER NAMES PAGE

Revised Date: May 9 2018

Anticholinergic

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ADMINISTRATION POLICY:

IV Infusion - May be administered by a nurse
IM Injection - May be administered by a nurse
Subcutaneous - May be administered by a nurse

Intraosseous (IO) - Administration restricted to nurse in ED

Endotracheal (ET) - Administration restricted to nurse in ED

RECONSTITUTION/DILUTION/ADMINISTRATION:

Supplied as: 0.4 mg/mL - 1 mL ampoule

0.6 mg/mL - 1 mL ampoule

0.1 mg/mL – 10 mL pre-filled syringe, 0.2 mg/mL – 5 mL prefilled syringe

Rapid Direct: Administer undiluted over 1 minute. Flush with normal saline after each dose.

Direct: Administer undiluted over maximum of 2 minutes. Flush with normal saline.

Infusion: Not recommended routinely. Dilute in convenient volume of compatible IV solution and

infuse at ordered dosage.

Central: No special considerations. Refer to Rapid Direct, Direct or Infusion.

IM: Deltoid or vastus lateralis muscle site preferred. Elevate limb for 10-20 seconds following

injection. Use needle gauge and length appropriate for age.

Subcutaneous: No special considerations. Use needle gauge and length appropriate for age. May inject

through Insuflon (SC) catheter.

Intraosseus: No special considerations: Refer to Rapid Direct, Direct or infusion.

Endotracheal (ET): Administer undiluted over 10 seconds through endotracheal tube. Follow by normal saline

flush (infant 0.5 mL, child 3 mL) and 3 to 4 vigorous hand ventilations.

Maximum Concentration: IV, IM, Subcut, IO/ET 0.6 mg/mL Infusion

DOSAGE: Preoperative:

IV, IM, Subcut 0.01to 0.03 mg/kg/dose given 30 to 60 minutes prior to anesthesia (maximum 0.6 mg/dose)

Complete Atrio-ventricular Heart Block or Bradycardia

IV, IO/ET 0.01 to 0.03 mg/kg/dose

Repeat every 3 to 5 minutes as needed (maximum total dose 2 mg)

(dosage continued)





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DOSAGE (continued):

Organophosphate Insecticide Poisoning:

IV, IO Initial dose: 0.05 mg/kg/dose. Repeat every 10 minutes as needed until cholinergic signs

resolve, then every 30 to 60 minutes until cholinergic effects resolved.

Titrate: Clinical endpoint is resolution of cholinergic signs and patient's respiratory

status

Increase dosage or use continuous INFUSTION as required usual maximum

total dose 100 mg (higher dosages may be required)

Infusion Initial dose: 0.05 mg/kg/dose

Infusion: 0.025 mg/kg/hour

Renal Impairment: No dosage adjustment required
Hepatic Impairment: No dosage adjustment required
Obesity: Dose based on actual body weight

STABILITY/COMPATIBILITY:

Stability of multidose vial: 30 days refrigerated.

Stability of Final Admixture: 24 hours at room temperature.

Compatibility: Compatible with D5W, normal saline

PRECAUTIONS, POTENTIAL ADVERSE REACTIONS:

Adverse effects related to total dose and rate of administration.

CV: palpitations, tachycardia, paradoxical bradycardia if administered slowly

GI: difficulty swallowing, thirst, dry mouth NEURO: dizziness, tremor, ataxia, restlessness, fatigue dilated pupils, photophobia, blurred vision

RENAL: urinary retention, constipation

OTHER: dry, hot skin, heat intolerance, impaired temperature regulation

CAUTION:

- Consider using physostigmine for atropine toxicity
- Heat intolerance or impaired temperature regulation with febrile patients or with patients in a warm room
- Obstructive uropathy, obstructive GI diseases, paralytic ileus, intestinal atony

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

• glaucoma

REQUIRED MONITORING:

Pre-operative no special monitoring required

A-V Block, Bradycardia continuous ECG monitoring recommended, blood pressure, respiratory rate.