

## **Assessment and Reassessment of the Emergency Department Patient**

	Initial Assessment	Ongoing reassessment minimum	Minimum stable reassessment minimum	Frequent reassessments (Every 1-30 min.)	Beginning of shift assessment	Discharge or transfer VS	Patient transport (Nurse escort)
Patient requiring Cardiac monitoring	Primary and secondary assessment	Every hour	Minimum of every 4 hours based on patient's condition and physician order	ours within expected limits of the patient's baseline and •Following the	Head to toe     VS     Lines/tubes/infusions     Rhythm strip - analyzed     Plan	VS within 1 hour Follow safe discharge policy	Minimum every 15 minutes, more frequent based on patient condition Focused Plus*
Non- Cardiac monitoring	• Primary and secondary assessment	Every 2 hours			Head to toe or     Focused     Plus*     Lines/tubes/infusions     Plan	VS within 1 hour Follow safe discharge policy	Hourly Focused
Meets Minor Treatment Criteria	• Focused • Plus * -Pain -Level of consciousness -skin -Vital Signs (VS) -Respiratory status/Airway	Every 4 hours			• Focused • Plus* • Plan	Patients treated for minor conditions and who have normal vital signs documented may not need Complete Vital Signs within one (1) hour of discharge (e.g. lacerations).	Not Applicable (N/A)

Assess, identify problems, set problem specific goal/objective for patient, address interventions to alleviate problem, re-evaluate.

## **Assessment Frameworks.**

Primary and secondary assessment - A-airway, B-breathing, C-circulation, D-disability, E-expose, F-focused/critical actions, G-give comfort measures, H-history and head to toe, I-inspect posterior

Focused Assessment - A highly specific assessment, focusing on the system or systems involved in the patient's entrance complaint, history and level of distress.

Plus\* - Vital Signs (VS), Pain, Level of consciousness (LOC), Skin, Respiratory status/airway

Ongoing Reassessment - An ongoing, focused, chronological assessment of patient status which includes vital signs, physical assessments, pain assessment and scale, treatments administered and responses to treatment(s) and ongoing plan of care.