

Southern Health-Santé Sud Capacity Management Protocol

Site Specific Plan – Morris General Hospital (MGH)

Purpose:

Coordination of patient flow and identification of priority areas of concern related to overcapacity requires active management of overall beds, across all services within a facility. Prioritization (inflows/outflows) considerations, based on degree of risk occurring related to overcapacity, include:

- Patient need;
- Specialized services only available at specific sites;
- Capacity across all service deliver organizations; and/or
- Provider resources including physical space.

Provide a standardized process that supports appropriate response to surges in activity and overcrowding in Emergency Department (ED) and to mitigate barriers to patient flow. The Capacity Management Protocol outlines standard work under conditions moving from "No Safety Risk" (white) to "System Safety Risk Exceeded Available Capacity" (black), see Capacity Management Protocol CLI.4110.PL.030.

Transfers:

- Lower acuity patients flow from higher acuity EDs/facilities reporting higher occupancy levels to the site closest to the patient's home within their home health region that can meet the patients care needs.
- Transfers to a facility outside a patient's home health region are considered if the patient needs to be moved further away from home within their home region than to the site outside their home region.
- Sites with available beds may not delay or refuse acceptance of patients when safe patient care can be provided at the facility with available capacity.
- Where patients and families have concerns regarding repatriations, transfers or destination decisions, patient flow along with clinical teams and leadership work with the patients to support the transition of care. Provincial tools are available to support teams/staff.

ED Overcrowding Score:

- Regional Sites as indicated by Emergency Department Information System (EDIS)
- Community Acute Sites total patients registered in ED divided by total funded spaces

Legend: The following levels and minimum standards apply to Service Delivery Organization/Health Authorities and Health organizations, their staff, operational, clinical, and medical leadership supporting a provincial response standard to reduce risks and manage system, regional and facility capacity levels. The actions within each level are progressive, building off the other across each level.

	Level	ED Overcrowding Score (NEDOCS/CEDOCS/ ED/UC OCCUPANCY	Site Occupancy
0	Level 0 (White) –No Safety Risk - Capacity Available	< 50	Occupancy < 70%;
1	Level 1 (Green) – Low Safety Risk Due to Overcapacity	51 - 100	Occupancy* 71 - 85%;
2	Level 2 (Orange) – Medium Safety Risk Due to Overcapacity	101 - 140	Occupancy 86 - 90%;
3	Level 3 (Red) – High Safety Risk Due to Overcapacity	141 - 180	Occupancy 91 - 100%;
4	Level 4 –(Black) System Safety Risk and Exceed Available Capacity	Greater than 181	Occupancy exceeds 100%

Site Capacity: Baseline Funded Beds – Morris General Hospital

ED Beds (including Outpatient):	Medicine:	
3	23	
See Provincial Dachboard for more detailed informati		

See <u>Provincial Dashboard</u> for more detailed information.

Standard Actions:

	Facility Units	Date,
		Time,
		Initial
Lev Inpatient Unit Staff	 Daily site round to assess patient's readiness for discharge and identify barriers to discharge. Monitor capacity and identify flow risks. Actively working to maximize occupancy by pullin admissions to inpatient units within 30 minutes. Regularly review Infection, Prevention & Control processes and cohorting patients where possible. Bed management – units/sites are actively report bed census in Electronic Patient Record (EPR) incl beds in operation, bed closures, Alternate Level of Care (ALC) designations, occupancy and patient discharges. Where patients or families have concerns re: transfer/repatriation, work with patient flow, Clir Resource Nurse (CRN), site manager, director and physicians to problem solve. Coordinate off site transport for follow up appointments, diagnostics, specialty services to 	(IPC) ting luding of

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 2 of 20

Inpatient Unit Staff	Level 1	 Transport Delay: Contact MTCC for status update. Ensure housekeeping is notified of discharges. Ensuring vaccinations are offered at point of care contacts within acute care (i.e. ED visits, offering to long stay in patients). Sites in Level 1 hold admissions in ED to accommodate incoming transfers from higher acuity sites reporting a higher overcapacity risk. Begin utilization of 'over census' beds where applicable. Proactively move patients where estimated remaining length of stay (LOS) is greater than 3 days into facilities that regularly have capacity within their own health region. CONSIDER ALC or lower acuity patients transferred to facilities at Level 0 where estimated LOS is greater than 3 days, ALC and/or low acuity transport is available. Sites in Level 2 or higher with incoming repatriations
		 or lower acuity transfer from a site reporting higher capacity risk level accommodate by: Hold admissions in ED; Utilize all off census or temporary spaces available; Redirecting requests to alternate sites within patients' home health region; OR Redirecting request to alternate sites in another health region that is reporting lower overcapacity risk AND is closer to their home community/Personal Care Provider (PCP); Off service patients to utilize all available spaces. Expedite discharges on the unit. Pending consults, diagnostics and investigations are triaged and expedited to account for facility risk. Ensure rooms are cleaned promptly to facilitate bed availability. ALC or lower acuity patients transferred to facilities at Level 0 where estimated LOS is greater than 3 days, ALC and/or low acuity transport is available.
	Level 4	 All available spaces are being used and additional bed spaces are made available.

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 3 of 20

		Call in Heavy Workload Relief (HWR) nursing, Health
		Care Aide (HCA) or unit clerk as required, with
		manager approval.
		Follow Code Orange if applicable.
	Level 0	 Bed management – EDs are actively reporting bed
		census in ERP/EDIS including ED closures, ventilated
		and transferrable patients in critical care.
		• Where patients or families have concerns re:
		transfer/repatriation, work with patient flow, CRN, site
		manager, director and physicians to problem solve.
		Coordinate off site transport for follow up
		appointments, diagnostics, specialty services to
		optimize efficiency and reduce delay and minimize
		unnecessary travel.
		 Actively working to maximize occupancy by sending ED
		admissions to inpatient units within 30 minutes.
		 Flag ED patients pending reassessment and/or
		pending admission orders.
		Continually re-evaluate patient need to occupy stratchar in collaboration with physicians (i.e. move to
ED Staff		stretcher in collaboration with physicians (i.e. move to
		chair or waiting room).
		Ensure faxed/phone report is completed when bed available on respiring word
		available on receiving ward.
		ED patient is discharged from
		Admission/Discharge/Transfer (ADT)/EPR and or
		changed service level 24-7.
		To include Regional Pharmacy Support to complete
		Med Requisitions.
	Level 1	Consider holding patients to relieve other units' who
		are experiencing higher safety risks, within region and
		provincially.
		Begin utilization of 'off census' beds where applicable.
		Proactively move patients where estimated remaining
		LOS is greater than 3 days into facilities that regularly
		have capacity (within their own health region).
		Consider ALC or lower acuity patients transferred to
		facilities at Level 0 where estimated LOS is greater
		than 3 days, ALC and/or low acuity transport is
		available.
	Level 2	Unit in Level 2 or higher with incoming repatriations or
		lower acuity transfer from a site reporting higher capacity
		risk level accommodate by:
		• Utilize all over census or temporary spaces available;
		Redirecting requests to alternate sites within patient's
		home health region; OR

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 4 of 20

		De la contra contra du contra de la contra de
		Redirecting request to alternate sites in another
		health region that is reporting lower overcapacity risk
		AND is closer to their home community/PCP;
		Expedite discharge of patients in ED;
		Actively coordinate flow of patients through the ED
		(i.e. lab result review).
	Level 3	 Pending consults, diagnostics and investigations are
		triaged and expedited to account for facility risk.
		Consider implementing Nurse Managed Care.
	Level 4	All available spaces are being used and additional bed
		spaces are made available.
		Consider implementing Nurse Managed Care Call in
		HWR nursing, HCA or unit clerk as required, as
		approved by manager.
		Follow Code Orange if applicable.
	Level 0	Daily site rounding to proactively identify barriers to
		discharge and set/monitor expected date of discharge
		with manager and physician.
		Monitor capacity and identify flow risks.
		Monitor patients' length of stay and hold regular case
		planning/rounds to ensure monitoring and discharge
		planning occur.
		ED and direct admissions of lower acuity are safely
		directed to community, primary care or lower acuity
		facility (including Transitional Care Unit (TCU)), active presence of home care case coordinators in ED to
		facilitate discharge to community.
		 Interdisciplinary teams actively collaborate with
		community partners on discharge planning and
		solutions for patients deemed to be ALC.
		 Bed management – units/sites are actively reporting
		bed census in EPR including beds in operation, bed
		closures, ALC designations, occupancy and patient
		discharges.
CRN/Charge		 Sites with available beds may not delay or refuse
Nurse		acceptance of patients when safe patient care can be
		provided at a facility with capacity.
		 Where patients or families have concerns re:
		transfer/repatriation, work with patient flow, site
		manager, director and physicians to problem solve.
		 Daily review of inter-regional repatriation
		requests/out of region and out of province/country.
		Pull patients from ED and provide times beds will be
		ready.
		Pull patients from ED and provide times beds will be

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 5 of 20

	г		
		Attend daily site and regional huddles as when	
		required.	
		Follow <u>CLI.4110.PL.008</u> Interim Placement for Patients	
		Waiting Personal Care Home Placement.	
	Level 1		
	Level 2	• Off service patients to utilize all available spaces, if applicable.	
	Level 3	Patients are admitted into available beds beyond	
		existing admission criteria as long as their clinical	
		needs can be met.	
	Level 4	All available spaces are being used and additional bed	
		spaces are made available.	
		 Follow Code Orange if applicable. 	
	Level 0		
	Lever		
		census in ERP/EDIS including ED closures and	
		ventilated and transferrable patients in critical care.	
		Review admitted patients in ED and flag patients who most surger griterie	
		meet surge criteria.	
		Report out ED Capacity Level and review ED	
		admissions at shift huddle.	
		Flag ED patients pending reassessment and/or	
		pending admission orders.	
		Continually re-evaluate patient need to occupy	
		stretcher in collaboration with physicians (i.e. move to	
CRN/Charge		chair or waiting room).	
Nurse - ED		Ensure faxed/phone report is completed to receiving	
Specific Tasks		unit.	
	Level 1		
	Level 2	• Expedite discharge of patients in ED.	
		Actively coordinate flow of patients through the ED	
		(i.e. lab result review).	
	Level 3	Notify manager of increase in capacity level.	
		 Consider transferring patients from ED directly to 	
		another site if appropriate (lower acuity patients could	
		be admitted to community hospitals instead of	
		regional center).	
		 Consider implementing Nurse Managed Care. 	
		Consider implementing Suspension of Services, in collaboration with ED Physician Director Health	
		collaboration with ED Physician, Director, Health	
		Services and/or Manager, Health Services.	
	Level 4	Follow Code Orange Protocol if applicable.	
		Emergency huddle with MDs, Manager, CRN and	
		Director/SLT.	
		Consider implementing Nurse Managed Care.	

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 6 of 20

]
		Consider implementing Suspension of Services, in	
		collaboration with ED Physician, Director, Health	
		Services and/or Manager, Health Services.	
		If community hospitals have empty beds, transfer low	
		acuity patients directly from ED to be admitted in	
		community hospital (even if local patient).	
	Level 0	Daily site rounding to set/monitor expected date of	
		discharge with CRN and physician.	
		In collaboration with HIS actively monitor/report beds	
		in operation and closed beds.	
		Monitor capacity and identify flow risks.	
		Monitor patients' length of stay and hold regular case	
		planning/rounds to ensure monitoring and discharge	
		planning occur.	
		• ED and direct admissions of lower acuity are safely	
		directed to community, primary care or lower acuity	
		facility (including TCU), active presence of home care	
		coordinators in ED to facilitate discharge to	
Health Services		community.	
Manager(s)		Interdisciplinary teams actively collaborate with	
		community partners on discharge planning and	
		solutions for patients deemed to be ALC.	
		Promote PCH paneling form home rather than hospital	
		whenever possible and safe to do so.	
		Bed management – units/sites are actively reporting	
		bed census in EPR including beds in operation, bed	
		closures, ED closures and ventilated, transferrable	
		patients in critical care, ALC designations, occupancy	
		and patient discharges.	
		Sites with available beds may not delay or refuse	
		acceptance of patients when safe patient care can be	
		provided at a facility with capacity.	
		Where patients or families have concerns re: transfor (repatriation, work with patient flow, CBN)	
		transfer/repatriation, work with patient flow, CRN,	
		director and physicians to problem solve.	
		Participate in daily site and regional 0930 bed call.	
		Identify site risks, challenges. Input site bed numbers	
		on regional bed call template via Teams Channel.	
		 Ensures weekly A&D rounds are set up for each unit. Ensure actions outlined in capacity plan are being 	
		 Ensure actions outlined in capacity plan are being followed. 	
		Follow <u>CLI.4110.PL.008</u> Interim Placement for Patients Waiting Personal Care Home Placement	
		Waiting Personal Care Home Placement.	
	Level 1	• Off convice notionts to utilize all sucilable areas	
	Level 2	Off service patients to utilize all available spaces.	

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 7 of 20

	 Communicate to inpatient unit teams that site is Alert Level 2.
	 Ensure teams are aware of timelines to pull patients. Support teams in determining where to transfer
Level 3	patients.
Level 5	Patients are admitted into available beds beyond
	existing admission criteria as long as their clinical needs can be met.
	Communicate to inpatient unit teams that site is Alert
	Level 3.
	With PCC (physician) review all patients to identify
	possible discharges that could be expedited.
	 Provide clear and concise direction to teams on pulling
	patients.
	Attend afternoon shift huddle.
	ED Specific – consider implementing Nurse Managed
	Care.
	ED Specific - Consider implementing Suspension of
	Services, in collaboration with ED Physician, Director,
	Health Services and/or Manager, Health Services.
Level 4	All available spaces are being used and additional bed
	spaces are made available.
	Follow Code Orange if applicable.
	Communicate to inpatient unit teams that site is Alert
	Level 4.
	Once notified, support teams to accept admissions out
	of ED as assigned.
	• Schedule additional 1230 bed huddle to reassess site
	capacity and make plans to get through evening/night.
	Communicate plans to units at afternoon huddle.
	• ED Specific – consider implementing Nurse Managed
	Care.
	• ED Specific - Consider implementing Suspension of
	Services, in collaboration with ED Physician, Director,
	Health Services and/or Manager, Health Services.
	Schedule additional 1230 bed huddle to reassess site
	capacity and make plans to get through evening/night.
	Communicate plans to units at afternoon huddle.
Level 0	Surgical slates at baseline are scheduled so bed and
	slate capacity is maintained.
	and time to which surgical care needs to be provided
	slate capacity is maintained.Scheduled surgeries are slated according to priority
	(cases over target date are scheduled first).

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 8 of 20

OR/SDS Specific		 Scheduled surgical slates take into consideration the health human resource capacity of the site. Report any cancellations or interruptions in surgical service to Regional Patient Flow Coordinator. All elective slate cases are prepped in Same Day Surgery.
	Level 2 Level 3	 Review of scheduled surgical cases by priority and target date, consider rescheduling cases that are within target, non-cancerous and priority 3, 4, 5 which require an in-patient bed to accommodate emergency cases or other system demand.
	Level 4	 Scheduled surgical slates which are priority 3, 4, 5 and non-cancer are cancelled to accommodate emergency cases or other system demands and notify Regional Patient Flow Coordinator. Notify staff that they may be reassigned to other departments.
		 Reassign staff to other departments as feasible/required. Inform Director, Health Services. Bed Utilization
Regional Patient Flow Coordinator		 Monitor capacity and identify flow risks. Lead daily regional flow call that includes on an 'ad hoc' basis primary and community stakeholders which reviews site-based reporting, escalation of flow risks, patient safety risks, potential or imminent service disruption, opportunities to facilitate regional cooperation that mitigate flow risks and reduce length of stay. Monitor patients' length of stay and hold regular case planning/rounds to ensure monitoring and discharge planning occur. ED and direct admissions of lower acuity are safely directed to community, primary care or lower acuity facility (including TCU), active presence of home care coordinators in ED to facilitate discharge to community. Bed management – units/sites are actively reporting bed census in EPR including beds in operation, bed closures, ED closures and ventilated, transferrable patients in critical care, ALC designations, occupancy and patient discharges

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 9 of 20

r	I	1
		Sites with available beds may not delay or refuse
		acceptance of patients when safe patient care can be
		provided at a facility with capacity.
		Where patients or families have concerns re:
		transfer/repatriation, work with CRN, site manager,
		director and physicians to problem solve
		 Monitor risks across the SDO related to capacity and
		disruptions.
		Work in partnership with provincial Patient Flow
		Teams to coordinate incoming transfers to sites that
		provide specialized services in a manner that aims to
		distribute and mitigate risk.
	Level 1	
	Level 2	Senior Clinical Leads work to remove barriers to flow
		(i.e. authorization of reasonable expenses such as
		equipment, local private transport)
	Level 3	Patients are admitted into available beds beyond
		existing admission criteria as long as their clinical
		needs can be met.
		Escalation to 'Department' to seek approval regarding
		options for patients waiting in AC who are designated as
		ALC for access to options which include:
		Providing enhanced home care support for patients
		that can be discharged early;
		Temporary ALC placement;
		Temporary living situation;
		 Emergency housing/rent aid;
		 Authorization to purchase, reimburse or provide
		compensation to third party or family as temporary
		option (i.e. Allied Health Services).
	Level 4	In partnership with PCH operators and continuing care
		facility operators consider opening additional spaces in
		TCU or PCU facilities.
I		Medical Team
	Level 0	Daily site rounds to set/monitor expected date of
		discharge with CRN and manager.
		Monitor capacity and identify flow risks.
		 Monitor patients' length of stay and hold regular case
		planning/rounds to ensure monitoring and discharge
		planning occur.
		Where patients or families have concerns re:
		transfer/repatriation, work with patient flow, CRN, site
		manager, and director to problem solve.

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 10 of 20

		Ensuring continuation of the offering of vaccinations
		at inpatient and all primary care visits.
		 With team, establish goals of care and EDDs.
		 Daily review of patients progress towards discharge
		including list of Waiting Placement patients that is
		discussed at weekly rounds.
		 Identify complex discharges and work with the
		interdisciplinary team to address barriers to
		discharge.
		 Ensure patient under correct service (transfer care to
		different service as needed).
Physician –		Write anticipatory discharge orders.
Inpatient Specific		 Support discharges occurring prior to 1100.
	Level 1	
	Level 2	Senior Clinical Leads and Chief Medical Officer work to
		remove barriers to flow (i.e. authorization of
		reasonable expenses such as equipment, local private
		transport).
		• "Run the board" of inpatients to see if discharge could
		be considered for each patient.
		Work with interdisciplinary team to consider
		discharges and non-hospital environment of care.
		Consider awaiting placements, and transfer to
		transitional care.
		Weekend alert to Home Care re: possible weekend
		discharges.
		Provide Doc-to-Doc for transferred patients. Make
		transfer issue list for on-call physicians who may
		transfer patient.
	Level 3	Patients are admitted into available beds beyond
		existing admission criteria as long as their clinical
		needs can be met.
		If weekday, Chief of Staff to communicate with
		medical staff re: capacity level at site and strategize on
		options to discharge patients or send to other sites.
		Charge Nurse gives physician a list of facilities that
		could accept patients for weekend transfers. Identify
		priority patients to be transferred. (Charge Nurse to
		get family discussion underway), if needed notify
		family and do transfers to accepting physicians.
		Be informed regarding transfer level of agreement (Willing vs mandatory transfers
		(Willing vs mandatory transfers – awaiting placement
		vs. only acute medicine transfers).

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 11 of 20

				1
	Level 4	•	Site physician and Chief Medical Officer - After all	
			other options have been exhausted, sites in Level 4	
			with incoming repatriation/low acuity transfer from	
			sites also in Level 4, redirect all requests for clinical	
			service that can be provided at alternative sites in any	
			health regions with available capacity within 200kms	
			from home community.	
		٠	Communication with patient and family and	
			assessment of social supports is considered.	
		•	Follow Code Orange Protocol if appropriate.	
		•	Emergency huddle with physician, manager, CRN and	
			Director/Senior Leadership Team.	
	Level 0	•	Monitor capacity and identify flow risks within ED.	
	Level 1	٠		
	Level 2	•	"Run the board" of ED and Inpatients to see if	
			discharge could be considered for each patient.	
		٠	Identify patient for early discharge with ED	
			reassessment.	
Dhusisian CD	Level 3	٠	Patients are admitted into available beds beyond	
Physician – ED Specific			existing admission criteria as long as their clinical	
specific			needs can be met.	
		•	Consider calling in additional Prescribers to assist with	
			overflow.	
		•	Discuss with team about curtailing services.	
		•	Consider implementing Nurse Managed Care.	
		•	Consider implementing Suspension of Services, in	
			collaboration with ED Physician, Director, Health	
			Services and/or Manager, Health Services.	
	Level 4	•	Follow Code Orange Protocol if appropriate	
		•	Emergency huddle with physician, manager, CRN and	
		_	Director/SLT	
		•	Consider implementing Nurse Managed Care.	
		•	Consider implementing Suspension of Services, in	
			collaboration with ED Physician, Director, Health	
			Services and/or Manager, Health Services. Acute Care Leadership	
	Level 0	•	Identify and escalate imminent system impacts to	
	LEVELU	•	Regional Patient Flow Coordinator.	
		•	Where patients or families have concerns re:	
		-	transfer/repatriations, work with patient flow, site	
			manager, CRN and physicians to problem solve.	
		•	Attend/lead daily site briefing/huddle to help expedite	
		-	flow coordination and remove barriers to flow.	
	Level 1			
L	1000 F			

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 12 of 20

	Laure 2			[]
	Level 2		Senior Clinical Leads work to remove barriers to flow	
			(i.e. authorization of reasonable expenses such as	
Director, Health			equipment, local private transport).	
Services -			Work with other community sites to identify potential available beds/staff.	
Community Acute	Level 3		If applicable, review of scheduled surgical cases by	
Hospitals	Levers		priority and target date, consider rescheduling cases	
ricopitais			that are within target, non-cancerous and priority 3, 4,	
			5 which require an in-patient bed to accommodate	
			emergency cases or other system demand.	
			Redirect any available staff to high need areas for	
			support (note within Collective Agreement).	
			Patients are admitted into available beds beyond	
			existing admission criteria as long as their clinical	
			needs can be met.	
			Escalate the situation to Regional Lead - Acute Care &	
			Chief Nursing Officer.	
			ED Specific – consider implementing Suspension of	
			Services, in collaboration with ED Physician, Director,	
			Health Services and/or Manager, Health Services.	
	Level 4		In partnership with PCH operators and continuing care	
			facility operators consider opening additional spaces in	
			TCU or PCH facilities.	
		•	After all other options have been exhausted, sites in	
			Level 4 with incoming repatriation/low acuity transfer	
			from sites also in Level 4, redirect all requests for	
			clinical service that can be provided at alternative sites	
			in any health regions with available capacity within	
			200kms from home community.	
			Communication with patient and family and	
			assessment of social supports is considered	
			Follow Code Orange if applicable.	
	Level 0		Standard practice.	
	Level 1	-		
	Level 2	•	Senior Clinical Leads work to remove barriers to flow	
	201012		(i.e. authorization of reasonable expenses such as	
			equipment, local private transport).	
	Level 3		Redirect any available regional staff to high need areas	
			for support (note within Collective Agreement).	
			f Medical Officer:	
			Escalation to 'Department' to seek approval regarding	
			options for patients waiting in Acute Care who are	
			designated as ALC for access to options which include:	
L				

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 13 of 20

		 Providing enhanced home care support for 	
Senior Leadership Team		patients that can be discharged early;	
		 Temporary ALC placement; 	
		 Temporary living situation; 	
		 Emergency housing/rent aid; 	
		 Authorization to purchase, reimburse or 	
		provide compensation to third party or family	
		as temporary option (i.e. Allied Health	
		Services).	
	Level 4	In partnership with PCH Directors consider opening	
		additional spaces in TCU or PCH facilities.	
	•	• After all other options have been exhausted, sites in	
		Level 4 with incoming repatriation/low acuity transfer	
		from sites also in Level 4, redirect all requests for	
		clinical service that can be provided at alternative sites	
		in any health regions with available capacity within	
		200kms from home community.	
		Communication with patient and family and	
		assessment of social supports is considered.	
		Support Services & Allied Health Onsite	
	Level 0	Standard practice	
	Level 1		
	Level 2	 Prioritize cleaning of patient rooms on units so 	
		patients can be transferred.	
Support Services	Level 3	• Explore calling in HWR or moving resources from other	
(EVS)		areas to come and support site to promote	
		discharges.	
		Approve overtime as required.	
	Level 4	Call in HWR, per manager approval.	
		Follow Code Orange protocol if appropriate.	
	Level 0	Weekly monitor of Rehabilitation Services workloads at community and regional asystemic sites	
		at community and regional acute sites.	
	Level 1		
Rehab Services		site area to site areas of higher caseload needs.	
Manager and	Level 2	 Meet with team and instruct to prioritize patients 	
Director		where discharge is pending therapy assessment.	
2.1.00001	Level 3	Consider opportunities to support increased	
		discharges through improved weekend coverage	
		staffing ratios and approval of overtime/additional	
		shifts.	
	Level 4	Site Specific Huddles to review clients awaiting	
		services and assignment of resources.	
	Level 4	 staffing ratios and approval of overtime/additional shifts. Site Specific Huddles to review clients awaiting 	

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 14 of 20

 Consider utilizing staff from Children and Youth services to augment adult services staffing (where competency allows for this reallocation of caseload). Follow Code Orange Protocol if applicable. Eevel 0 Standard practice. Level 1 Level 2 Collaborate on interdisciplinary team to identify needs and strategies. Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other patients at risk. 	
competency allows for this reallocation of caseload). Follow Code Orange Protocol if applicable. Level 0 Standard practice. Level 1 Level 2 Collaborate on interdisciplinary team to identify needs and strategies. Shared Health: Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
Follow Code Orange Protocol if applicable. Level 0 • Standard practice. Level 1 • Collaborate on interdisciplinary team to identify needs and strategies. Shared Health: • Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
Level 0 • Standard practice. Level 1 • Level 2 • Collaborate on interdisciplinary team to identify needs and strategies. Shared Health: • Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
Level 1 Collaborate on interdisciplinary team to identify needs and strategies. Shared Health: Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
 Level 2 Collaborate on interdisciplinary team to identify needs and strategies. Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other 	
Shared Health: Lab andand strategies.•Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
Shared Health:•Prioritize processing ED patients' laboratory and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
Lab and diagnostic imaging needs without placing other	
Diagnostics nationts at risk	
Consider the need to increase staffing to respond to	
the overcapacity need and call in extras based on	
need.	
Assess need for extra supplies/resources. Respond	
according to need's assessment.	
Level 3 • Call in extra staff to process more diagnostic	
investigations if indicated.	
Call Shared Health Diagnostic Administrator On Call.	
Level 4 • Follow Code Orange Protocol if applicable.	
Community Programs	
Level 0 • Continue usual practice of filling transitional care beds	
according to prioritized need:	
1. Community urgent or palliative requests.	
2. Repatriation requests that are appropriate for	
sub-acute care.	
3. ALC patients who are waiting placement in	
LTC Access acute care.	
Coordinator Level 1	
Level 2 • Prioritize urgent admission of ALC patients to available	
transitional care (TC) beds to free up acute care bed	
capacity.	
Work with PCHs to review prioritization of admission	
of patients from acute care, balancing community	
urgent/palliative needs as well to reduce the number	
of individuals that may present to ED.	
Level 3 • Level 0 & 2 actions continue plus:	
 Work with Regional Patient Flow Coordinator to 	
identify patients that are appropriate for	
expedited PCH/TCU admission including interim	
placement.	
 Disseminate potential patient information to 	
available sites for review.	

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 15 of 20

Once PCH/TC site has been identified for admission	
work with sites to help facilitate communication of	
required information.	
Communicate with Director, Health Services/PCH	
Managers over capacity status.	
Compile list of closed PCH/TC Beds/Units from the	
sites and share with Director, Health Services.	
Level 4 • Level 0, 2 & 3 actions continue plus:	
 Review with Regional Patient Flow Coordinator 	
individuals that are appropriate to be placed in	
identified TC treatment rooms. Ideally, patients	
can ambulate independently (with or without	
aide) in order to facilitate toileting.	
Level 0 • Interdisciplinary teams actively collaborate with	
community partners on discharge planning and	
solutions for patients deemed to be ALC.	
Promote PCH paneling from home rather than hospital	
whenever possible and safe to do so.	
ED and direct admissions of lower acuity are safely	
directed to community, primary care or lower acuity	
facility (including TCU), active presence of home care	
case coordinators in ED (where available) to facilitate	
discharge to community.	
Priorities for service provision:	
Home Care 1. Acute Care Waiting Discharge;	
Program 2. Palliative Care;	
3. Community Urgent.	
Weekly Home Care Huddles held to review clients	
awaiting services and assignment of resources.	
Level 1	
Level 2	
Level 3 • Discussions and planning to balance needs of	
community urgent and palliative clients with the	
needs of the clients' requiring discharge, to mitigate	
presentation to acute care.	
Level 4 • Site Specific Huddles to review clients awaiting	
services and assignment of resources.	
 Discussion and planning to balance needs of 	
community urgent and palliative clients with the	
needs of clients' requiring discharge, to mitigate	
presentation to acute care.	
Level 0 • Receives new referrals (<u>CLI.5410.PL.003.FORM.01</u> and	
<u>CLI.5410.PL.003.FORM.02</u>).	

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 16 of 20

	Level 1 Level 2		
	Level U	• Support the Case Coordinators and Resource Coordinators with discharge planning as required.	
	Level 4	 Prioritizes work based on hospital discharges 72 hours out to determine if they can be expedited. Reviews existing home care clients to see if possible to discharge patient home with community/family supports while they await home care supports. Reviews barriers to discharge to determine if there is an interim solution (i.e. supplies, equipment, agency). Reviews clients who are ALC waiting placement to bring forward for discussion if any of them can be discharged and wait at home with an increase in supports. Support the Case Coordinators and Resource 	
Hospital Based Home Care Case Coordinator/ Case Coordinators where no HBCC present	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3	 Receives communication receasing energy who have been admitted to hospital (Facility/Home Care Coordinator Communication Tool). Attends rounds on each inpatient unit. Plans for client discharge, including client assessment; discussion with caregiver; planning with health care team for necessary supplies and equipment. Reviews options for home care services, including Self and Family Managed Care. Collaborate with acute care teams to identify barriers to discharge and explore solutions. Prioritizes work based on patients that could be discharged same day/next day. Prioritizes work based on hospital discharges 24 hours out. Prioritizes work based on hospital discharges 48 hours out to determine if they can be expedited. Reviews existing home care clients to see if possible to discharge patient home with community/family supports while they await home care supports. Reviews barriers to discharge to determine if there is an interim solution (i.e. supplies, equipment, agency) Anticipate escalation from Acute Care team partners to seek approval regarding options for patients waiting in acute care or transitional care beds who are designated as ALC for access to options could include: Providing enhanced home care support for patients that can be safely be discharged early. 	
		 Coordinator Communication Tool). Attends rounds on each inpatient unit. Plans for client discharge, including client assessment; discussion with caregiver; planning with health care 	

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 17 of 20

Home Care Leadership	Level 3 •	
Leauership	Level 4 •	staffing resources and reprioritization of clients/work Explore options to expedite discharges, inclusive of
		staffing resources, reprioritization of clients/work, and Senior Leadership direction.
	Level 0 •	Access Coordinator to admit into available TCU/PCH
	•	per usual practice. Those PCHs who offer respite services can continue as
		per usual schedule.
	•	Ensuring continuation of the offering of vaccinations at PCHs/TCUs.
	Level 1	
	Level 2 •	Work with LTC Access Coordinator to review prioritization of admission of patients from
		acute care, balancing community
		urgent/palliative needs as well to reduce the
		number of individuals that may present to ED.
PCH/TCU Sites	Level 3 •	
PCH/ICO Siles		and the need to expedite admissions.
	•	Pause any maintenance projects that affect bed flow
		until over capacity protocol ended. Review with Support Service Leads the potential to
		bring in additional staffing to expedite terminal cleans,
		etc. to turn beds around quickly.
	•	Review potential to bring in additional Nursing/HCA
		staff to support the expedited admission process.
	•	PCHs who offer respite postpone scheduled respite to
		admit temporary ALC patient on respite until acute
		care capacity stabilizes, at which time the ALC patient is returned to acute care if a PCH bed not available.
		Provide LTC Access Coordinator with number of any
		PCH/TC beds/units that are currently closed due to
		staffing.
	Level 4 •	PCHs/TCUs directed to admit into all available beds
		immediately from ALC patients waiting placement in
		acute care. Expedited admission process to be followed.
		Review with Director, Health Services any current
		respite admissions and determine if admission can be ended early.
	•	Determine staffing needs for any closed PCH
		beds/units and review with Director, Health Services

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 18 of 20

		 to determine if additional beds can be opened with increased staffing. Work with Human Resources to review redeployment as needed to open closed beds/consideration to liaise with agency staff as well to support staffing for opening units. Review/Consider admitting into TC treatment rooms if available safety resources in place in the rooms (i.e. call bell), and patient is identified as short stay admission.
		 Review any medical TCU patients that are awaiting service initiation. Work with Home Care/Palliative Care to see if initiation of services can be expedited and discharge can occur.
Personal Care Home Director/Manager	Level 0	 PCH and TCU facilities must be 'bed ready', meaning they are actively prioritizing, triaging and pulling patients to beds where available. Ensuring continuation of the offering of vaccinations at PCHs/TCUs. Support the LTC Access Coordinator with site discussions as needed.
	Level 1 Level 2	 Work with LTC Access Coordinator to review prioritization of admission of patients from acute care, balancing community urgent/palliative needs as well to reduce the number of individuals that may present to ED.
	Level 3	 Anticipate the need to partner with PCH and TCU teams for possible opening of additional spaces. Support the LTC Access Coordinator with site discussions as needed. Review list of closed TCU/PCH beds/units received from LTC Access Coordinator with site leadership closely to determine if any can be opened to assist. Communication to Home Care and LTC sites that respite admissions are halted until directed otherwise. Communicate to Home Care that Community urgent admissions are paused until overcapacity status decreases.
	Level 4	 In partnership with PCH operators and continuing care facility operators consider opening additional spaces in TCU or PCH facilities.

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 19 of 20

		 Support the LTC Access Coordinator with site discussions as needed. Meeting with LTC Access Coordinator, Directors East/West+ LTC admin to strategize bed flow options. Support sites managers in discussions with family's and residents re: ending respite admissions early. Support TC sites in communicating with Home Care/Palliative Care to expedite discharge of medical/palliative patients to the community that are awaiting the setup of services.
Eden Mental	Level 0	Standard actions.
Healthcare	Level 1	•
Centre	Level 2	•
	Level 3	 LTCAC/SH-SS Site Lead or Manager on Call/SLT to contact EMHC Medical Director to consider suitable patient transfers to available EMHC beds.
	Level 4	(Level 3 standard actions apply)

Community Acute Site - MGH CLI.4110.PL.030.FORM.01 November 2024 Page 20 of 20