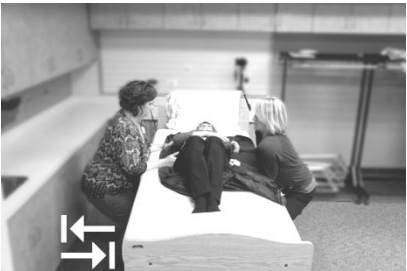



GUIDELINE		FIXED BED USE (COMMUNITY)	
Team Name / Team Lead: SCHIPP Team, Regional Director Staff Development, Infection Prevention and Control	Approved By: Vice President – Planning, Innovation, Quality, Patient Safety and Risk	Issue Date: June 29 2016	Review Date: December 20 2017 Revised date: January 2 2018
Potential Hazards: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) If guideline not followed, there is a risk for awkward bending, reaching and over-extension, which can lead to a musculoskeletal injury. 2) Depending on the workload, repetitive motions may be a factor. 3) Client or Caregiver may slip, trip and fall. 4) Client may grab or strike from reactive or defensive behaviour. 5) Microorganism Transmission Signs and symptoms of a musculoskeletal injury (MSI) can include pain, burning, swelling, stiffness, numbness/tingling, and/or loss of movement or strength in a body part. Report to supervisor.		Personal protective equipment / devices required / other safety considerations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Appropriate Footwear for Caregivers ➤ Clothing that allows Caregivers movement ➤ Routine Practices; Additional Precautions as assigned 	
		Training: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Initial Orientation and regular review ➤ Minimum of 3 year review or as required Supporting Documents: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Follow Manufacturer’s Instructions for equipment ➤ SCHIPP.M1.001 Module 1 	
Supportive Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Consideration is required for correct height, placement and potential assistive devices on a fixed bed to allow maximum function of Client when using it. 			
		Set Up of Bed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Bed should be positioned so there is enough room to move, either on one side or both sides depending on the Client situation. ➤ Fixed bed will not have brakes, but should be stable enough to not shift when Client and/or Caregiver move. ➤ Bed should be at a height when Client is shifted to the edge to prepare for standing that their feet touch the floor. ➤ Bed should be placed that Client can exit and enter bed in the most functional position for their strength and mobility. 	
		Set Up of Caregiver: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Height of bed will likely require Caregiver(s) to place a knee on bed to keep their spine neutral and decrease overreaching. On occasion Caregiver(s) may need to put both knees on bed or sit on side of bed to provide care and maintain neutral spine position. ➤ Caregiver needs to keep themselves in line with the care being provided to avoid twisting 	
<p>Employers must ensure that workers are trained and follow this guideline. This procedure may be monitored to ensure compliance and safety. Failure to follow this safe work procedure will increase use of manual lifting, awkward postures and forceful exertions. This increases the risk obtain, stiffness and injury to the back, neck and arms of Caregivers. REPORT ANY HAZARDOUS SITUATION TO SUPERVISOR</p>			