

HEALTHCARE ASSOCIATED INFECTION SURVEILLANCE FORM ACUTE CARE

Client:

DOB (dd/mmm/yyyy): _____

MRN / MHSC: _____

PHIN #:

Addressograph/Place Label Here

Catheter Associated Admission Date: _____ Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI) Admission Diagnosis: _____ Must meet criteria 1, 2, and 3: Infection Onset Date: _____ 1) Client had an indwelling urinary catheter that had been in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an TYPE OF INFECTION inpatient location on the date of symptom onset AND Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection was either: Clostridioides difficile Infection □ Present for any portion of the calendar day on the date of symptom onset, OR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS □ Removed the day before the date of **Required:** No Yes - Contact Precautions symptom onset **Q** 2) Client has at least **ONE** of the following signs or If YES, date implemented: _____ symptoms: LABORATORY DATA □ Fever (greater than 38.0°C) □ Suprapubic tenderness* Specimen(s) Taken: No Yes (attach results) Costovertebral angle pain or tenderness* TREATMENT Urinary urgency ^ Urinary frequency ^ Antibiotic(s): \Box No \Box Yes Dysuria ^ □ Original copy of form – place on patient record **3**) Client has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which □ Copy of form – forwarded to site ICP is a bacterium of greater than or equal $to10^5$ cfu/L. **Clostridioides difficile Infection * CONTACT PRECAUTIONS REQUIRED*** *With no other recognized cause **^** These symptoms cannot be used when catheter is in place. An indwelling urinary catheter in place could cause client Clostridioides difficile Infection (CDI) complaints of "frequency", "urgency" or "dysuria". A client is identified as having CDI if at least ONE of the following criteria is met: □ The client has diarrhea* or fever, abdominal pain and/or ileus AND a laboratory confirmation of a positive toxin assay or positive polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for C. difficile (without reasonable evidence of another cause of diarrhea). □ The client has a diagnosis of pseudomembranes on sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy (or after colectomy) or histological/pathological diagnosis of CDI. □ The client is diagnosed with toxic megacolon (in adult clients only). * Diarrhea is defined as one of the following: a) 6 or more watery/unformed stools in a 36-hour period b) 3 or more watery/unformed stools in a 24-hour period and this is new or unusual for the client (in adult clients only)