

Obstetrical Best Possible Medication History (BPMH), and Reconciliation at Admission and Discharge

	Allergies/ Intolerances (include type of reaction)			None Known Una	able to Obta	ain	
	Medications Taken Prior to Admission (Prescription, Non-prescription/Alternative) Medication, Dose, Route, Frequency, Last Dose Takes No Medications Information Source(s):		Prescriber Review & Order Review each medication & check off appropriate box				
			Admission			Discharge	
		Con-	Do Not	Reason for	Con-	Stop	
	Community Pharmacy	tinue	Order	NOT ordering	tinue		
	☐ Patient/Caregiver			_			
	☐ Other						
ADMISSIONS	Prenatal vitamins 1 tablet po daily						
	Frenatai vitaiiiiis 1 tabiet po daily						
ISSI							
Σ							
A							
	Use a second form if there is insufficient space _ N/A _ YES					I	
	DVT/VTE Prophylaxis (see back of orders for Risk Stratification)						
	Level of Risk: Low Moderate/High Risk Highest Risk	Compliance and Assessment of Educational Needs					
	☐ Heparin 5000 Units Subcut BID ☐ No Prophylaxis Required	How often do you miss doses: Why do you forget?					
	Dalteparin 5000 Units Subcut Daily Already Adequately Prophylaxed	Have you stopped, started or changed any drugs in the past 3					
	Mechanical Prophylaxis- Rationale:	months? Yes No					
	Antiembolic Stockings (AES)			medications?			
	Review with patient "Clot		eep a medicate?	_			
	Prevention" teaching sheet	13 tile 113t	up to date:		NO		
	dical History taken by: Date& Time	Signatui	re:				
Rec	onciliation ON ADMISSION completed by: Date& Time	Signature:					
Adr	nission Orders Transcribed: Date/Time/Initials:	Reviewe	Reviewed by: Date/Time/Initials:				
Ord	ers faxed/scanned to Pharmacy: Date/Time/Initials:						
	scribers Instructions: On discharge, review pre-admission medications. A				any additio	ns or	
cha	nged medication instructions, including any pre-admission medications			ing refills			
	Patient Address:	Phone N	lumber:				
_	Ŗ	Confidential Facsimile To:					
RIPTION		Pharmacy Name:					
IPI		Pharmacy Fax#:					
		Faxed Initials: Date/Time:					
PRE		OR Original Given to Client					
DISCHRGE PRES		Prescriber Information					
Ä		Name:					
SISC		Signature:					
		License #:					
		Date / T					
Dic	charge Medication Reconciliation Verified by (Nurse)'s Signature)	1					
	charge Medication Reconciliation Verified by (Nurse's Signature): ain in order section of patient's health record once completed. If prescri	ption prov	vided on dis	charge, photocopy	and keen th	e copy in	
	ient's chart	, p. o					

Risk Assessment and VTE Prophylaxis Recommendations

No reduction of mobility compared to usual state. Have reduced mobility, but an expected length of stay of 2 days or less and no risk factors (see Risk Factor Table) Same day surgery patients* Surgical procedure with a total anesthetic and surgical time of less than 60 minutes and no risk factors (see Risk Factor Table)

Мо	Moderate/High Risk					
•	Have had or are expected to have significantly reduced mobility for 3 days or more Are expected to have ongoing reduced mobility (compared to their usual state) AND have one or more risk factors (see Risk Factor Table) Surgical procedure with a total anesthetic and surgical time of 60 minutes or longer, or less than 60 minutes with one or	Unfractionated heparin 5000 unit subcut BID, OR Dalteparin 5000 unit subcut Daily				
•	more risk factors (see Risk Factor Table) Mechanical ventilation					

Highest Risk	
 Surgical or non-surgical trauma patient including those with spinal cord injuries/paralysis 	Dalteparin 5000 unit subcut Daily OR
 Major surgery (orthopedic, abdominal, cancer removal) Congenital and/or acquired coagulation disorder 	Rivaroxaban 10mg po Daily (approved post knee and hip replacement)

isk Factors	One or More Significant Medical Conditions		
Dehydration	Sepsis or severe acute infection		
Previous VTE	Heart disease (CHF, MI, etc.)		
First-degree relative with a history of VTE	Respiratory pathology		
Obesity (body mass index over 30 kg/m2)	• Inflammatory condition (i.e. IBD, Crohn, Colitis)		
Use of hormone replacement therapy	Rheumatological disease		
Use of estrogen-containing contraceptive therapy	Nephrotic syndrome		
Varicose veins with phlebitis	Thrombophilic disease (i.e. antiphospholipid syndrome)		
ICU admission	Cancer with or without active treatment		
Trauma (elevate to High Risk)	Myeloproliferative disorders (elevate to High Ris		